

Faculty of Education

The cover features two vertical black lines on the left and right sides, framing the central text.

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คำนำ

แบบฝึกพัฒนาทักษะภาษาอังกฤษด้วยแบบทดสอบ สำหรับนักเรียนระดับชั้นมัธยมศึกษาปีที่ 6 ฉบับนี้ คณะครุศาสตร์ สาขาวิชาภาษาอังกฤษ มหาวิทยาลัยราชภัฏเชียงราย จัดทำขึ้นเพื่อเป็นแนวทางสำหรับ ครูผู้สอนภาษาอังกฤษ ศึกษานิเทศก์และเขตพื้นที่การศึกษา ในการฝึกฝนพัฒนาทักษะภาษาอังกฤษและยกระดับผลสัมฤทธิ์การเรียนรู้การสอนภาษาอังกฤษ รวมทั้งเตรียมความพร้อมนักเรียนในการทดสอบทางการศึกษาระดับชาติด้านพื้นฐาน ต่อไป

คณะครุศาสตร์ สาขาวิชาภาษาอังกฤษ มหาวิทยาลัยราชภัฏเชียงราย ตระหนักถึงความสำคัญในการพัฒนาแบบฝึกทักษะภาษาอังกฤษ ว่าจะเป็นเครื่องมือที่สำคัญหนึ่งที่มีส่วนช่วยให้ผู้เรียนมีความคุ้นเคยรูปแบบข้อสอบ คำสั่งในข้อสอบและการฝึกฝนการประเมิน ส่งผลต่อการยกระดับผลสัมฤทธิ์การทดสอบทางการศึกษาระดับชาติด้านพื้นฐาน (O-NET) ขอขอบคุณคณะดำเนินงานทุกท่านที่มีส่วนเกี่ยวข้องในการจัดทำแบบฝึกพัฒนาทักษะภาษาอังกฤษนี้และหวังเป็นอย่างยิ่งว่าจะเป็นประโยชน์สำหรับเขตพื้นที่การศึกษาศึกษานิเทศก์และครูผู้สอนในการนำไปใช้ เพื่อก่อให้เกิดการพัฒนาอย่างต่อเนื่องต่อไป

คณะครุศาสตร์ สาขาวิชาภาษาอังกฤษ
มหาวิทยาลัยราชภัฏเชียงราย
2565



แบบฝึกทักษะวิชาภาษาอังกฤษ ชั้นมัธยมศึกษาปีที่ 6

คำอธิบาย

1. แบบฝึกทักษะวิชาภาษาอังกฤษ จำนวน 120 ข้อ ประกอบด้วย
Part I : Conversation/ Language Use ข้อ 1-30
Part II: Grammar and Error Recognition ข้อ 31-60
Part III: Sentence Completion ข้อ 61-90
Part IV: Reading Comprehension ข้อ 91-120
2. แบบฝึกทักษะชุดนี้มีรูปแบบเป็นข้อสอบปรนัยแบบ เลือกตอบ 5 ตัวเลือก 1 คำตอบ

Part I: Conversation/ Language Use

Dialogue Completion (1-30)

Directions : Read the dialogues and choose the appropriate expression to complete each missing part.

Situation: Cathy had a great vacation. She went to the beach and had herself sun-tanned.

Leo: How was your vacation, Cathy?

Cathy: _____ (1) _____ I had a wonderful time on the beach!

Leo: No wonder you're so dark!

Cathy: Yeah. I had a lot of time to work on my tan.

Leo: What else did you do?

Cathy: Nothing really. It was good just to relax.

Leo: _____ (2) _____ It sounds wonderful!

Cathy: Trust me -- it was!

1.

1. Not so bad, it was OK.
2. I thought it was good!
3. Oh, it was great!
4. It was beautiful.
5. Oh, I love the sea!

2.

1. How come!
2. It was a wonderful trip.
3. I hope I can join your next trip.
4. How can I go with you next time?
5. I wish I could get away like that.

Situation: At home

Mana: You look so pale. _____ (3) _____

Prang: I have a very bad headache and a high fever.

Mana: It sounds really serious. _____ (4) _____. You may have the H1N1 flu.

Prang: _____ (5) _____. I've been coughing a lot, too.

Mana: Here. Put on this hygienic mask. I'm going to take you to the hospital right now.

3.

1. You didn't have breakfast, did you?
2. What have you been doing?
3. You should have a rest.
4. Did you see the doctor?
5. What's wrong?

4.

1. Please be careful. It's very dangerous.
2. You should stay home and have a rest.
3. Exercise regularly makes you healthy.
4. You should see the doctor.
5. It's infective disease.

5.

1. It's possible.
2. It's up to you.
3. I don't think so.
4. I cannot stand it.
5. If you don't mind.

Situation: The kitchen sink and the bathtub in Victoria's apartment are clogged. She calls Margaret, the apartment manager for help.

Victoria: Hello, is Margaret there?

Margaret: This is she.

Victoria: Hello, Margaret, this is the tenant of Apartment 10. I guess my kitchen sink is clogged up again, and _____(6)_____

Margaret: Alright, I'll send someone over tomorrow.

Victoria: Uhm, _____(7)_____ if you would send someone to fix it today. It's really a bother! I can't cook, or take a shower.

Margaret: Fine, _____(8)_____

Victoria: Thank you very much.

6.

1. I can't fix it.
2. neither is the bathtub.
3. it should be fixed now.
4. so is the bathtub.
5. it doesn't work.

7.

1. I'll be satisfied.
2. I'd really appreciate it.
3. Would you be kind enough.
4. I'm terribly sorry.
5. I'll be pleased.

8.

1. I'll be up in a few minutes.
2. I'm so busy at the moment.
3. You should call the plumber.
4. But you have to pay for that.
5. It'll be fixed next week.

Situation: At the interview

Interviewer: Good afternoon, please have a seat.

Alisa: Thank you.

Interviewer: How are you doing?

Alisa: I'm fine, thank you.

Interviewer: _____(9)_____

Alisa: No, sir, I had no trouble at all.

Interviewer: _____(10)_____

Alisa: I graduated from ABAC in 2009, with a Bachelor's degree in Journalism.

Interviewer: Any post-graduate degrees?

Alisa: Yes, I enrolled in TU's master program for journalism and earned a degree.

Interviewer: _____(11)_____

Alisa: After I left TU, I worked for a year at Kantana Studio as an information clerk.

9.

1. Did you have any problems finding us?
2. Are there any troubles working with us?
3. Do you think you're suitable for this job?
4. Did you get a high salary before coming to us?
5. Could you please explain about your problems?

10.

1. Where did you graduate from?
2. Have you got a degree in Journalism?
3. What kind of job did you use to work?
4. Did you graduate from the private university?
5. Could you tell me a little about your educational background?

11.

1. Why do you want this job?
2. What was your last position?
3. How about your working experience?
4. Have you ever worked in a studio before?
5. You used to work at Kantana Studio, didn't you?

Situation: At the office

Tom: _____(12)_____

Ann: Of course. What would you like to do?

Tom: Well, how about going to the cinema?

Ann: _____(13)_____

Tom: Why don't we just have dinner together somewhere this Sunday?

Ann: That's interesting. _____(14)_____

Tom: Well, one of my favorite places to eat is "Song Pochana".

Ann: Hmm. Song Pochana? I've never been there. _____(15)_____

Tom: Chinese. But if you don't like we can go to some other places.

Ann: No, I don't mind. I love Chinese food.

12.

1. We should go somewhere together.
2. I'll take you out for dinner tomorrow.
3. Would you like to get together this weekend?
4. Would you mind going to the cinema with me?
5. Could you please pick me up this weekend?

13.

1. I don't want to see the movie.
2. I'm waiting for my favorite film on.
3. I'm afraid I can't go anywhere.
4. I don't want to bother you.
5. I'm fond of seeing the movie.

14.

1. Do you have any particular restaurant in mind?
2. I think Song Pochana is the best.
3. Let's go to the Thai restaurant.
4. Where will we meet this weekend?
5. How should we go?

15.

1. What nationality is the owner?
2. What language do the waiters speak?
3. What kind of food are you allergic to?
4. What kind of food do they serve there?
5. Do you know what my favorite food is?

Situational Dialogues (21-40)

Directions: Read each situation and choose the best alternative.

16. **Situation:** Your best friend is trying on a new dress. It doesn't look good on her.

You say to her: _____

1. Sometimes you look very ugly.
2. You are not going to buy that, aren't you?
3. I don't think that dress suits you.
4. Please don't buy that dress.
5. It doesn't suit you at all.

17. **Situation:** As you are jogging in a park, you see a little boy fall off his bike. You quickly run to him and say: _____

1. Don't fall here.
2. Are you all right?
3. Oh! boy, you're bleeding!
4. Have you seen a doctor?
5. What have you been doing?

18. **Situation:** After having lunch with your friend in a café, you offer to share the expense by saying: _____

1. Many hands make light work.
2. Every now and again.
3. Let's call it a day.
4. Let's go Dutch.
5. It's on me.

19. **Situation:** Laura, your best friend is disappointed about her exam result. When you hear that, you would like to cheer her up. You say: _____

1. You really disappoint me. It was very important exam.
2. How awful! However, I'm sure you will pass next time.

3. Shame on you! I hope things will be better at the end.
4. How unfortunate! Still I'm sure you'll pass next time.
5. What a nuisance! Still perhaps it will be better soon.

20. **Situation:** Your friends want you to go on a trip with them on the weekend.

Unfortunately you are going to have an exam on the following Monday. You say: _____

1. I'll have an exam on Monday. Do you think I want to go then?
2. I'm sorry I can't go with you. I have to study for my exam.
3. I have to study for my exam. Can't you understand that?
4. I can't go with you guys. My exam is more important.
5. Don't you know I'll have an exam on Monday?

21. **Situation:** Lisa invited you to her house for dinner. You enjoyed the food she had prepared. You said, "_____".

1. Make yourself at home.
2. Wonderful! You are a great cook.
3. Well. It looks good, but I'm on diet.
4. I like your dress; you really look gorgeous in it.
5. It looks delicious. You should invite me again.

22. **Situation:** Tim is visiting his friend who has been sick for two weeks. He says,

"_____".

1. Happy anniversary.
2. Hope you recover soon.
3. Take it easy. Time flies.
4. I'm so excited for you.
5. Have an awful time here.

23. **Situation:** You are at a post office, sending a parcel to your friend. You'd like your friend to get it as soon as possible but you're not sure about the price so you ask: _____

1. Should I register this parcel as an EMS?
2. Are you sure that my friend will receive it?
3. How much does it cost to send it express?
4. How much do I have to pay you particularly?
5. Why is an EMS service so expensive like that?

24. **Situation:** Last week you went to the concert, but you were disappointed with the band. Today at school, you tell your friend “_____”

1. It was wonderful.
2. Have a great time.
3. It didn't come up to my expectation.
4. I didn't like it, it was too crowded.
5. It was awful as you didn't come with me.

25. **Situation:** Your friend tells you that she is going to have an interview for a new job next Monday. You'd like to bless her so you say, “_____”

1. It's not a big deal, isn't it?
2. It's not the end of the world.
3. I'll keep my fingers crossed.
4. I'm breathing down your neck.
5. Make hay while the sun shines.

26. **Situation:** Your family plans to see a football game together tomorrow. However, nobody knows exactly what time the game starts so you suggest that:

- _____
1. I wonder if we should go there now.
 2. Why don't we book the tickets first?
 3. Let's meet in front of the front gate.
 4. Shall we go there after dinner?
 5. How about going there by taxi?

27. **Situation:** You are called in for an important meeting and, therefore, cannot keep your appointment with the doctor. So you call his secretary and say, “_____”.

1. Tell the doctor to telephone me when he returns.
2. Concerning my appointment, I'll be late for some time.
3. I think many patients will cancel their appointments today.
4. I'm afraid I have to cancel my appointment with the doctor.
5. I'm sure the doctor has left a message concerning my appointment.

28. **Situation:** You call Mr. Jackson, the manager of Today's Tech Company to talk about your new project. A secretary on the phone wants to know who is calling. She politely asks: _____

1. Would you mind repeating your name, please?
2. Who do you want to call, sir?
3. Who is saying that, sir?
4. Who are you, please?
5. Who's calling, please?

29. **Situation:** You really want to know Bella's personality, a new friend. You ask your friend " _____ "

1. What is Bella like?
2. What does Bella like?
3. How does Bella like?
4. How does Bella feel like?
5. What does Bella look like?

30. **Situation:** Your younger sister thinks that the restaurant your family has just visited is better than any others on the street. You disagree with her idea. You say: _____

1. That's absolutely true.
2. I couldn't say I agree.
3. I couldn't agree more.
4. It's not a big deal, isn't it?
5. You make me disappointed.

Part II: Grammar and Error Recognition

Grammar (31-60)

31. "If you had examined each factor individually," she argued,
"you _____

that the error was theirs."

1. saw
2. had seen
3. had been seeing
4. would have seen
5. would have been seeing

32. The majority of games are downloaded from _____ the Apple App Store
_____ Google Play, both of them were launched in 2008.

1. neither, nor
2. as, though
3. so, that
4. either, or
5. provided that, --

33. If the help _____ in time, the experiment _____ tomorrow
afternoon.

1. are offered / will be completed
2. was offered / will be completed
3. is offered / would be completed
4. had offered / would be completed
5. had been offered / would be completed

34. When I finish this course, I _____ English for twenty years.

1. will learn
2. would be learning
3. would have learned
4. will have been learning
5. would have been learned

35. Most people need about eight hours of sleeping every day. A few people, _____, need only four hours of sleeping.

1. due to
2. hence
3. because
4. therefore
5. on the other hand

36. This type of animal can survive in the areas that have little food, _____ the food has high energy.

1. whether
2. so that
3. provided that
4. because
5. if so

37.. I think our house _____ by the end of next year.

1. will sell
2. will be selling
3. will have sold
4. is going to sell
5. will have been sold

38. Before _____ money, banks have to assess the risks involved.

1. borrow
2. to lend
3. borrowing
4. lending
5. they lent

39. You are the only person _____ I can talk.

1. that
2. who
3. which
4. to whom
5. where

40. I'm not quite sure why ____ want to interfere with their marriage.

1. would you
2. do you
3. you would
4. can you
5. could you

41. I wish you _____ checking my e-mails. You're invading my privacy.

1. stop
2. will stop
3. would stop
4. have stopped
5. are going to stop

42. Knowing he was late, he _____ .

1. eating his sandwich quickly
2. ate quickly his sandwich
3. ate his sandwich quickly
4. eating his sandwich fast
5. fast ate his sandwich

43. The doctor asked his nurse _____ .

1. if she would come in time the following day
2. if the patient prepared for the operation
3. when is she going to give the medicine
4. if the tests are ready for applicants
5. when the patient feels asleep

44. When I asked him _____ the keys , Bob said he had no idea where they were.

1. if did he see
2. if he had seen
3. could he see
4. that he had seen
5. which he had seen

45. Having such a famous man for a father ____ had an effect on Jason's childhood.

1. must
2. have to
3. should
4. must have
5. could be

51. You have spent too much money this month. Unless you spend fewer, we may not be

- 1 2 3 4

able to afford a vacation this summer.

- 5

52. The money stealing from the bank has finally been found by the children playing in the

- 1 2 3 4

playground nearby.

- 5

53. A common complaint among educators today is that social media is distracted

- 1 2 3 4

so much in the classroom.

- 5

54. The singer that his album becomes a bestseller this week is the one I recommended

- 1 2 3 4

to you last month but you didn't pay attention at all.

- 4

55. They ask me how many languages can I speak and if I can use a computer. I told them

- 1 2

that I can speak English and Chinese and can use presentation software. They seem to be

- 3 4

very satisfied with my answers.

- 5

56. For his first date with Malinda, Dennis bought not only a dozen roses but also purchased

- 1 2 3 4

a large box of chocolates to give her.

- 5

57. Cautious, Jonathan unlocked the kennel, waited for the dog's reaction and slowly
1 2 3 4
headed toward the mysterious wooden house.
5

58. More than 770 millions adults around the world are still unable to read, and about
1 2 3
two-third of them are women.
4 5

59. Should anyone ring, could you take the message, please? I should receive some calls
1 2 3
from my staff last night but there weren't any at all.
4 5

60. The deepest known grotto in the world extends to depth of 3,723 feet and has formed
1 2 3 4
by an underground stream.
5

Part III: Sentence Completion

Sentence Completion (61-90)

Directions: Read each sentence and choose the alternative that BEST completes it.

61. Unwilling to admit that they had been in error, the researchers tried to ____ their case with more data obtained from dubious sources.

1. refute
2. absolve
3. dispute
4. buttress
5. ascertain

62. Archaeology is a poor profession; only ____ sums are available for excavating sites and even more ____ amounts for preserving the excavations.

1. paltry - meager
2. miniscule - substantial
3. average - augmented
4. judicious - penurious
5. modest – generous

63. The student was extremely foolhardy; he had the ____ to question the senior professor's judgment.

1. wisdom
2. temerity
3. interest
4. trepidation
5. condescension

64. The formerly ____ waters of the lake have been polluted so that the fish are no longer visible from the surface.

1. rancid
2. muddy
3. stagnant
4. tranquil
5. pellucid

65. After the accident, the nerves to his arm were damaged and so the muscles ____ through disuse.

1. atrophied
2. dwindled
3. elongated
4. invigorated
5. contracted

66. Some critics maintain that Tennyson's poetry is uneven, ranging from the ____ to the ____.

1. trite - inspired
2. vacuous - inane
3. succinct - laconic
4. sublime - elevated
5. sonorous – voluble

67. After grafting there is a ____ of lymphocytes in the lymph glands; the newly produced lymphocytes then move in to attack the foreign tissue.

1. paucity
2. attraction
3. diminution
4. proliferation
5. obliteration

68. One ____ the new scheme is that it might actually ____ just those applicants that it was intended to encourage.

1. highlight of - stimulate
2. feature of - attract
3. problem with - induce
4. attraction of - intimidate
5. drawback of – daunt

69. Corruption is ____ in our society; the integrity of even senior officials is ____ .

1. growing - unquestioned
2. endangered - disputed
3. pervasive - intact
4. rare - corrupted
5. rife – suspect

70. In their day to day decision making, many senior managers do not follow the rational model favored by orthodox management experts, but rather rely on intuitive processes that often appear ____ and ____.

1. cerebral - considered
2. heretical - judgmental
3. conscientious - logical
4. irrational - iconoclastic
5. capricious – deliberate

71. Her characteristically ____ views on examination methods at university level have aroused ____ in those who want to introduce innovative and flexible patterns of assessment.

1. rigid - support
2. moderate - anger
3. reactionary - admiration
4. hidebound - antagonism
5. accommodating – annoyance

72. Our grandmother was an entertaining ____; she used to ____ us with marvelous anecdotes that we, in our childlike simplicity, accepted unquestioningly.

1. rascal - bore
2. orator - intimidate
3. raconteur - regale
4. tyrant – stupefy
5. curmudgeon – surprise

73. The teacher accused me of ____ because my essay was so similar to that of another student.

1. procrastination
2. plagiarism
3. celerity
4. confusion
5. decorum

74. As were many colonial administrators, Gregory was ____ in his knowledge of the grammar of the local language, though his accent was ____ .

1. deficient - poor
2. faultless – awful
3. erratic – eccentric
4. competent - adequate
5. well-versed – effective

75. Our bookshelves at home display a range of books on wide-ranging subjects and in many languages, reflecting the ____ tastes of our family members.

1. anomalous
2. limited
3. arcane
4. furtive
5. eclectic

76. Our once thriving High School Nature Club is now ____ ; the programs have had to be cancelled due to lack of support.

1. defunct
2. extant
3. resurgent
4. burgeoning
5. renovated

77. The explorer was unable to ____ his thirst at the stream since an enraged Grizzly bear barred the way.

1. assuage
2. parch
3. savor
4. describe
5. attenuate

78. The assumption that chlorofluorocarbons would be ____ in the environment because they were chemically inert, was challenged by the demonstration of a potential threat to the ozone layer.

1. noxious
2. durable
3. deleterious

4. innocuous
5. persistent

79. Hawkins is ____ in his field; no other contemporary scientist commands the same respect.

1. disparaged
2. ignominious
3. obsolete
4. anachronistic
5. preeminent

80. The progress of the disease is ____ ; it spreads stealthily without any symptoms in the early stages.

1. acute
2. dramatic
3. blatant
4. insidious
5. inexorable

81. If your invitations are met with repeated _____, you should just leave him alone.

1. hypotheses
2. negatives
3. protests
4. rebuffs
5. blunts

82. Unfortunately, his report does not _____ with what we have learnt from other sources.

1. pally
2. rally
3. tally
4. ally
5. sally

83. The _____ of things was that he sacked from a job that he had helped for over twenty years.

1. upshot
2. uptake
3. upturn
4. upbeat
5. upload

84. What do you _____ as the main issues affecting the situation?

1. receive
2. deceive
3. believe
4. achieve
5. perceive

85. Your husband was a bit out of control at the party, to _____.

1. get over it
2. seal your lips
3. get cold feet
4. put it mildly
5. beat around the bush

86. There are more _____ than last year.

1. unemploys
2. unemployed
3. unemployee
4. unemployment
5. unemployments

87. I'm looking forward to meeting your new boss. You have been _____ his praises ever since you arrived.

1. calling
2. singing
3. crying
4. telling
5. shouting

88. Sources in France suggested that further _____ would be needed before they would agree to a deal.

1. consolation
2. contractions
3. contortions
4. concessions
5. conservation

89. Zeus was a (an) _____ character from Greek mythology.

1. obscure
2. legendary
3. infamous
4. recondite
5. venerate

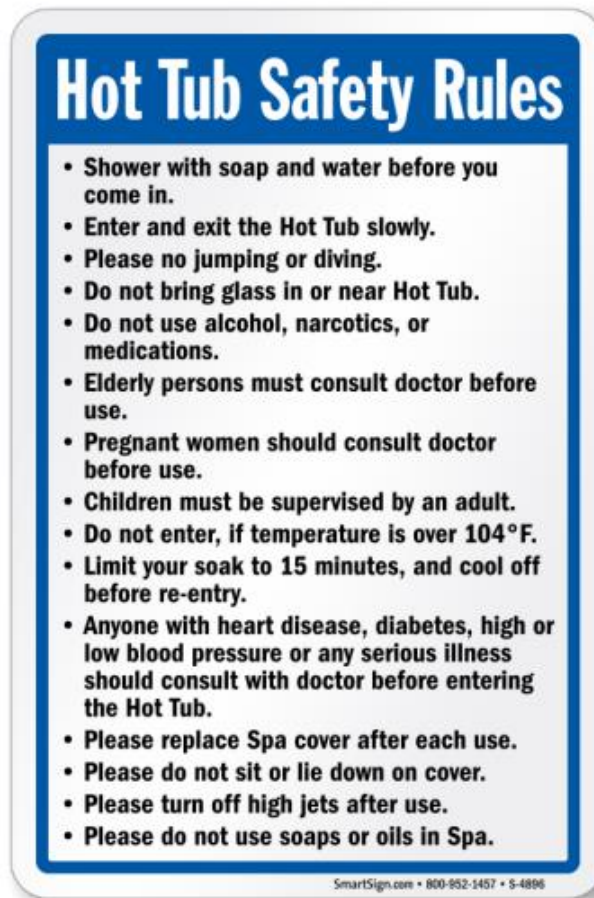
90. "A great man is always willing to be little" by: Ralph Waldo Emerson

What does 'little' mean?

1. miniature
2. humble
3. petite
4. diminutive
5. tiny

Part IV: Reading Comprehension

Extract 1

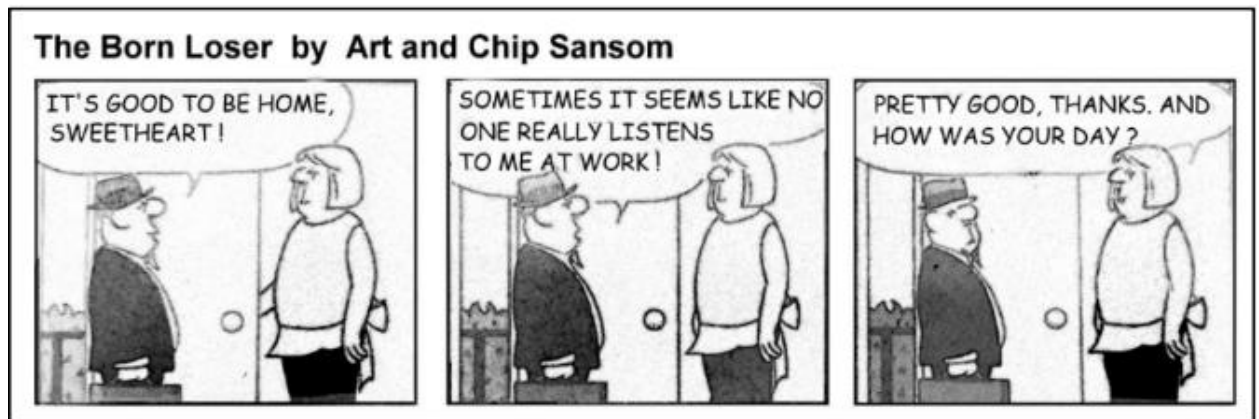


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91. Who follows the instruction correctly?

1. Katherine enjoys lying down on the cover after soaking.
2. Jamies always zips some wine during using the Hot Tub.
3. John who is very healthy spends half an hour to soak in the Hot Tub.
4. Bob who has high blood pressure takes a medicine before using the Hot Tub.
5. Mary, a 70-year-old woman, asks her doctor for advice before using the Hot Tub.

EXTRACT 2



<https://gocomics.typepad.com>

92. Why is a husband stunned when his wife says?

1. Because his wife doesn't understand him.
2. Because his wife rarely listens to him too.
3. Because he comes home and sees his wife.
4. Because his wife cares about him.
5. Because his wife stays at home.

EXTRACT 3

UK TRAINS mini-timetable					
Departs	From	To	Arrives	Duration	Changes
10:43	Oxford Platform 1	London Paddington Platform 11	11:54	1h 11m	1
11:01	Oxford Platform 1	London Paddington Platform 2	11:59	58m	0
11:07	Oxford Platform 1	London Paddington Platform 3	12:14	1h 07m	1
11:16	Oxford Platform 1	London Paddington (PAD) Platform 4	12:23	1h 07m	1

UK TRAINS		
CLASS	TICKET TYPE	PASSENGER TYPE
STD	RETURN	ADULT
DATE VALID	TICKET NUMBER	
22 JULY 2012	124466 9001273	
FROM	PRICE	
OXFORD (OXF) ##	£22.50	
TO		
LONDON (all stations) ##		

<https://homeshealth.info>

93. Which statement is NOT TRUE?

1. This ticket is for any station in London.
2. The ticket is for a single journey only.
3. The ticket is for trains to Oxford.
4. The ticket is for standard class.
5. This ticket is for the 22nd July.

EXTRACT 4

Nutrition Facts		INGREDIENTS: POPCORN, OIL
Serving Size: 2 Tbsp. (34g) Servings per container: 2.5		
Calories	90	Tell us what you think about our popcorn! Call 1-800-555-1232.
Calories from fat	20	
Total fat	2g	
Sat. Fat	0g	
TransFat	0g	
Cholesterol	0mg	
Sodium	210mg	
Total Carb.	23g	
Protein	3g	
Percentage of U.S. Recommended Daily Allowances (U.S. RDA): CONTAINS LESS THAN 2 PERCENT OF THE U.S. RDA OF PROTEIN, VITAMIN A, VITAMIN C, CALCIUM AND IRON.		

94. According to the Nutrition Facts, what taste of popcorn should be like?

1. Sweet
2. Bitter
3. Spicy
4. Sour
5. Salty

EXTRACT 5

The 30 fastest-growing occupations, 2010–2020 (in thousands)					
Occupation	Employment		Change		Most significant source of postsecondary education or training
	2010	2020	Number	Percent	
Home health aides	1,018	1,724	706	69	Short-term on-the-job training
Biomedical engineers	16	26	10	63	Bachelor degree
Carpenters	46	72	26	56	Short-term on-the-job training
Physical therapist aides	47	67	20	43	none
Dental hygienists	182	250	68	37	Associate degree
Health educators	64	87	23	36	Bachelor degree

Source: <http://data.bls.gov/cgi-bin/print.pl/news.release/ecopro.t07.htm>

<http://data.bls.gov/cgi-bin/print.pl/news.release/ecopro.t07.htm>

95. Which occupation will grow the most from 2010 to 2020?

1. Biomedical engineers
2. Dental hygienists
3. Home health aides
4. Health educators
5. Carpenters

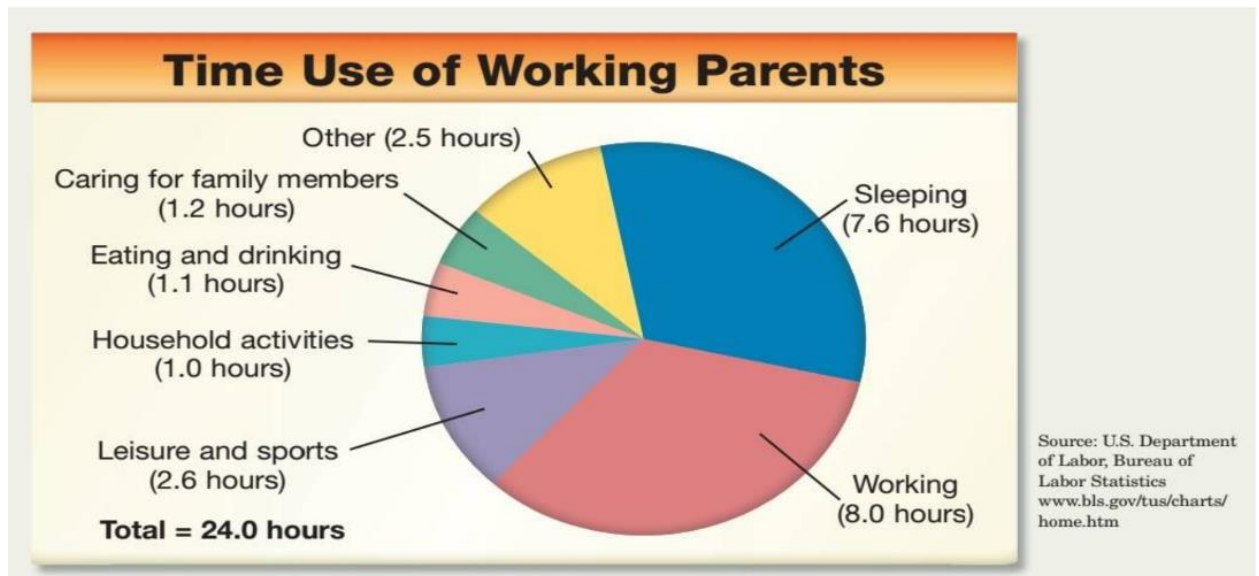
96. What is NOT TRUE about dental hygienists?

1. It requires an associate degree.
2. In 2010, there were 250,000 dental hygienists.
3. From 2010 to 2020, this job will grow by 37%.
4. There will be 68 more dental hygienists in 2010.
5. In 2020, there will be 68,000 more dental hygienists than in 2010.

97. According to the information, we can infer that _____.

1. the average of the growth of biomedical engineers is lower than the health educators
2. jobs which are related to health will be needed most in 2020
3. the tendency of job employment in 2010 and 2020 is not different
4. all occupations require postsecondary education or training
5. carpenters will not be important in 2020

EXTRACT 6



<https://www.3dsbiovia.com>

98. What is the graph about?

1. A survey of working parents' routine
2. A survey how working parents spend their free time
3. A survey how working parents spend their time with children
4. A survey of parents' activities in families
5. A survey of parents' time used on working

99. Which activity do these people spend the least time doing?

1. Taking care of family members
2. Chilling out with friends
3. Having a small parties
4. Doing routine chores
5. Relaxing

100. Which statement is TRUE?

1. Working parents spend more time on eating and drinking than other activities
2. Working parents spend more time on working than other activities
3. Working parents spend as much time working as other activities
4. Working parents spend less time on working than sleeping
5. Working parents spend less time on leisure and sports

EXTRACT 7

I know it hasn't been long since I last
saw you my dear,
But to me it feels as long as five
hundred year.
I miss you to the point I am loosing all
sanity,
There has to be an end to all this
calamity.
I think of you every second and every
breath,
For you I would stare even into the
face of death.
To kiss your lips is to taste the
sweetness of love

101. From poem above, what is the closet meaning of “Calamity”?

1. Harshness
2. Disaster
3. Violence
4. Danger
5. Fear

102. What does the text emphasize?

1. The author knows that love can make people blind.
2. The author is very much in love with his sweetheart.
3. The author feels that love is unavoidable.
4. The author feels sad after he lost his love.
5. The author knows that love is everywhere.

103. What is the most appropriate title for this poem?

1. Sanity Losing.
2. The Power of the Dark Side
3. Love and Heaven
4. My Eternal Love
5. Tie Me with Love

EXTRACT 8

The new Futura 320 Laser Printer is here! It has a high-speed processor for quick processing of documents with complex visuals. It delivers 30 clear, crisp copies per minute. It is compatible with both Windows and Apple operating systems. It comes with a 700-sheet paper tray, and can take three more trays for a maximum paper

<https://josecarilloforum.com>

104. What does the text emphasize?

1. The availability of the new Futura 320 Laser Printer
2. The size of the new Futura 320 Laser Printer
3. The cost of the new Futura 320 Laser Printer
4. The speed of the new Futura 320 Laser Printer
5. The complex visuals of the new Futura 320 Laser Printer

105. How many sheets of paper can the printer tray hold up?

1. About 30
2. Less than 320
3. Approximately 700
4. At most 2,300
5. More than 2,300

106. Which of the following printing jobs would be best used by the Futura 320 Laser Printer?

1. A book containing text entirely
2. A company's financial statement
3. Handwritten letters for reproduction
4. A stack of paperwork with heavy visuals
5. Colorful advertising billboards

EXTRACT 9

Satellite, launched into space, provides many benefits to scientist and human. Some can take pictures of the earth and help meteorologists predict weather and track hurricanes. Others send back information of other planets, black holes, faraway stars that lead to a clearer understanding of our galaxies and the universe. Moreover, satellite can be used for communication, such as beaming TV signals and phone calls or helping figure the exact location by using the Global Positioning System (GPS)

107. What is the best title of the passage?

1. Satellite System
2. Benefits of Satellite
3. How to Use Information of Satellite
4. Concepts about the Type of Satellite
5. Predicting the Weather by Satellite

EXTRACT 10

Parents can teach children a great deal about how to live their lives. They are usually eager to pass on their values and experiences to their children. However, they sometimes forget that children's interests are not similar to them and the kids have to find their own way to what they believe in.

108. What is the conclusion of the passage?

1. Each child has different paths of living.
2. Different generations need different ways of thinking.
3. We have many teachers in our lives. Parents are the valuable one.
4. Parents should let the children choose their own way to live their lives.
5. As parents can't keep up with the rapid social change, they aren't always right.

EXTRACT 11

The weather is important to human as the water does to fish. We then have seen that human have done many activities linked to weather. Men see the weather differently according to the circumstance. When ancient men faced the cruel weather or natural disasters, they were forced to believe these were caused by gods. They desperately wished to have the better condition to live by inventing numberless rituals and sacrifices such as dancing to persuade gods to offer better weather or to control the weather. Those did not certainly work but they provided the lively time.

109. What is the purpose of the passage?

1. To criticize the ancient men to create the unscientific activities.
2. To inform the way to invent rituals in order to control the weather.
3. To disapprove of the way the ancient did in order to live in the better weather.
4. To demonstrate the old beliefs and activities of the ancient when facing bad weather.
5. To impress the reader the way to do lively activities in order to have the better weather.

110. What is the tone of the passage?

1. disbelieving and doubtful
2. interesting and astonishing
3. scornful but objective
4. disapproving but admiring
5. cynical and outraged

EXTRACT 12

Finding a good job requires a great deal of work. Job seekers should tell as many people as possible that they are available for the employment. For example, they can inform college career placement officers and call employment agencies. They can also send the resumes to possible employers in addition, they can read the job description ads in newspapers. All of these efforts usually require a fair amount of time. Remember that a good job is worth all the work that goes into finding it.

111. What is the best title of the passage?

1. Job Seeker
2. Job Requirement
3. Finding a Good Job
4. Hardworking Job Seeker
5. The Available Employment

112. What is the main idea of the passage?

1. Good job is waiting for the one who wants it.
2. Finding a good job requires a great deal of work.
3. Job seekers should tell many people as possible.
4. There are many job requirements in every good job.
5. Job seekers should send a lot of resumes to the possible employers.

EXTRACT 13

Most parents do not realize how many poisonous substances they use in their homes. If you have small children in your house, you should be careful and make sure that they do not poison themselves. First, put the toxic cleaning supplies in the locked cabinet. Second, make sure that all medicines are stored in that proper place where your children cannot reach it. Finally, explain the dangers of medicines and cleaning supplies to them. Above all, do not take pills in front of kids unless you want them to imitate the behavior and poison themselves.

113. What does “**they**” refer to?

1. Medicines
2. Their homes
3. Small children
4. Most parents
5. Poisonous substances

114. What does “**that proper place**” refer to?

1. Their homes
2. Your house
3. Cleaning supplies
4. The locked cabinet
5. All medicines

115. What does “the behavior” refer to?

1. Taking pills
2. Cleaning supplies
3. Poisoning themselves
4. Encouraging them to imitate
5. Explaining the dangerous medicines

EXTRACT 14

One mystery about how elephants communicate with each other seems to be solved. Researchers say that elephants may use a variety of movement and gestures to communicate with one another. To a normal observer, a curl of trunk, a step backward, or a fold of ear may not have meaning. But to the elephants and biologist, there are signals that convey vital information to each elephant and the overall herd.

Biologists and conservationists have developed an online database to decode hundreds of elephant signals. They try to interpret the meaning of the different rumbling, screaming and other sounds that elephants make in concert with postures such as flapping of their ears or curling their trunks. Scientists try to categorize the gestures they were seeing in their fieldwork into nine categories: attentive, aggressive, ambivalent, defensive, social integrating, mother-offspring, sexual, playful, and dead.

116. What does the passage mainly discuss?

1. How scientists classify elephants
2. The ways elephants communicate
3. The ways to communicate with animals
4. How to understand the nature of elephants
5. Scientists can solve a mystery about elephants

117. Which word is closest meaning to “rumbling”?

1. vibrating
2. moaning
3. laughing
4. moving
5. complaining

118. What is the author's tone?

1. concerned
2. questioning
3. encouraging
4. factual
5. pessimistic

119. According to the passage, which of the following is not true?

1. Normal observers may not understand elephant's gestures.
2. Nine types of elephant's gestures were classified by the scientist.
3. Scientists create a system that enables to interpret elephant's gestures.
4. Scientists can decode the signals from elephants when they hear their footsteps.
5. Elephants always show some signals or gestures in order to communicate with others.

120. What can be inferred from this passage?

1. Elephants can speak many languages.
2. Elephants can play instruments in the music concerts.
3. It is hard for scientists to identify elephant's languages.
4. Elephants communicate with each other by making sounds and gesture.
5. Normal observers can communicate with elephants by imitating their gesture.

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